Nothing Simpler.

You ave a room to let. Tell World readers through the Index, and the tenant comes before night.

The Weather To-Morrow—Fair.

The Evening Edition World.

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1892. PRICE ONE CENT.

JUST A LINE.

And it cost but 50 cents, but it sold a $22,000 home. The line was in The World's Index

THIS IS THE DAY TO FIND A HOME IN THE INDEX.

EXTRA.

2 O'CLOCK.

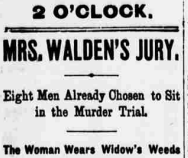
MRS. WALDEN'S JURY.

Eight Men Already Chosen to Sit in the Murder Trial.

The Woman Wears Widow's Weeds for the Man She Killed.

Her Appearance Counted Upon to Excite Sympathy in Court,

A slender, frail little woman, clad in deepest mourning, walked beside Deputy Sheriff John Brown from the Tombs Prison to the marble Court-House this morning. The big Deputy Sheriff towered above her like a giant, and though his pace was very slow her tiny feet pattered rapidly on the sidewalk in her efforts to keep up with him.



MRS. WALDEN IN COURT.

Hers was a pallid face. The great brown eyes were a hollowed, hallelujahgrieved look.

She got hardly more than a passing glance from the people met in Centre street, yet she was making to the stern tribunal which was to try her for her life.

The girlish little creature was Annie Walden, who shot and killed her husband, Jehiele Walden, the boy turfman and nineteen-year old son of old Jeter Walden, and nephew of Wyndham Walden, famous trainers of race horses.

She is in reality hardly more than a girl, for she is not yet twenty-one years old. She seems to have had no girlhood, for she had attained a questionable sort of fame long before she married Jehiele Walden in Camden while both were on a spree last September.

Annie was known to men who frequent the race tracks as "Kittie Marshall," who bet her money on the horses just like a man, only more recklessly and with phenomenal luck.

She had been the heroine of at least one liaison before she met Jeter Walden's boy, and once called herself "Mrs. Katie Delmar," in honor or otherwise of a Brooklyn man with whom she had lived.

Three other young women in black greeted this girl, widowed by her own hand, at the Court House. They were sympathetic friends and had come to support her through her ordeal.

Seven jurors had been found in two hours yesterday afternoon. Assistant District-Attorney Nicoll had declined the usual salutation with them, and William F. Howe, who defends Mrs. Walden, going on the theory that extraordinary challenges can be condemned by a jury of tender-hearted men, was willing to accept almost any citizen as a juror.

The work of completing the jury was the first order of business to-day. The men accepted as final arbiters of the fate of the frail, pale-faced creature in black were:

1. Arnold W. Dodge, engraver, 90 Beekman street.
2. George P. Hammond, produce, 646 Washington street.
3. Joseph H. Newman, broker, 36 Wall street.
4. John Johnson, commission merchant, Peter Building.
5. Max Blum, meat dealer, 31 Madison street.
6. Albert J. Rynander, bookkeeper, 23 Dey street.
7. Abram Dunscomb, laborer, 1076 Seventh avenue.
8. Richard V. Lewis, house-furnishing goods, 143 West Eighty-second and 150 West Forty-second streets.

MRS. DRAYTON COMING HOME.

To Be Maintained in Her Former Social Position by the Astors.

Interest in the Drayton-Borrowe scandal is to-day revived by the statement made by a connection of the Astor family, that Mrs. Drayton has decided to resume her residence in this city and take her former position in society. In that effort, it is said, Mrs. Drayton will have the combined assistance of her parents and all the immediate members of her family.

She is expected to spend the summer at Newport. After Mrs. Astor's house is opened for the season.

Careful observers of sentiment in fashionable society, say that such a procedure on Mrs. Drayton's part will surely cause a social warfare.

A cable despatch from London says that H. Vane Milbank and Addie Fox, who admitted sending out the original story of the scandal, met yesterday, and after a twenty-minute conversation separated in a friendly manner. It had been reported that they both would shoot on sight.

Borrowe has not been heard from since he reached England.

JUDGE MAYNARD INDORSED.

Assembly Adopts the Inquiry Committee's Majority Report.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

ALBANY, April 20.—The Assembly has adopted, by a vote of ayes 67, nays 58, the majority report of the Maynard investigation Committee.

This report endorses Judge Maynard's action in the contested election cases.

POINTERS ON THE RACES.

Quantity Not Quality a Distinctive Feature of To-Day's Sport.

Benedictine, Rico and Blackburn Meet at a Mile.

Quantity and not quality is the distinctive feature of Guttenburg's card for to-day. The fields are large in several of the events and the entries so evenly matched that interesting racing is bound to result, even though there are no cracks competing. The meeting between Benedictine, Rico and Blackburn at a mile will no doubt be the event of the day. The race for two-year-olds will also be attractive to those who fancy such contests. A hurdle race winds up the day's sport. The track will be dry and fast. The selections are as follows:

First Race.—Purse $400, for beaten horses; selling; four and a half furlongs.

John Pope	111	Diamond
Robert B	109	Ballad
Blackmailer	108	Kaloroa
Pilgrim	106	Roy
Gallegos	106	Gay

The opening event looks a good thing for Roy, who ran an excellent race a few days ago. The runner-up may be Ballad, who has a lot of speed for the the distance, and Glenmound may be third.

Second Race.—Purse $400, for two-year-olds; selling; half a mile.

Egmont colt	115	Harlequin
Egmont filly	112	Sparkle
Rapido	104	Isabelle

Formerly Witch colt.

This race ought to be won easily by Isabelle, who will run a great race. Want may be the runner-up, and Harlequin may be third.

Third Race.—Purse $400; selling; six and a half furlongs.

Climax	109	Queen of Trumps
Little Jake	108	Kingston
Dan Bidwell	107	Sir Dixon
Malachi	107	Little Jake
Gunter	104	Turk
Pluto	102	Redlight
Passaic	102	Old Chief

Climax may win this event rather handily, but Pearl Set ought to be close up. Not Arthur is not out of it by any means, and has a good outside chance.

Fourth Race.—Purse $400; selling; four and a half furlongs.

Kimstone	114	Marsh Redon
Jay Bi	111	Spendthrift
Germanic	108	Jacky Glover
Tom Finley	107	Mary Shan
Time Lodge	102	Gus
Passaic	102	Redlight

This race ought to be a close thing between Benedictine and Rico, and they durbs to finish at the head. Passaic may be third.

Sixth Race.—Purse $400; selling; mile and a half, over six hurdles.

Benedictine	142	Westmoreland
Rico	142	Blackburn
Passaic	142	Redlight

The jumping race may be won by Benedictine with Westmoreland and Burr Oak close up.

Probable Winners at Gloucester.

Judging by the usual conditions of weights, form and distance the races at Gloucester today may result as follows:

First Race.—Glenmound, Valpinia.
Second Race.—Happy Maid, The Nun, Indian Chief.
Third Race.—Fernwood, Gardner, A. G. H.
Fourth Race.—Redlight, Lost Star, Lily.
Fifth Race.—Oliver Twist, Calculus, Edison.
Sixth Race.—Westmoreland, Benedictine.

Morning Papers' Selections.

First Race.—Glenmound, Hippona.
Second Race.—Isabelle, Pearl Set.
Third Race.—Climax, Little Jake.
Fourth Race.—Redlight, Lady Eltham.
Fifth Race.—Rico, Benedictine.
Sixth Race.—Bidwell, Bassanio.

First Race.—Roy, Glenmound.
Second Race.—Isabelle, Harlequin.
Third Race.—Climax, Little Jake.
Fourth Race.—Redlight, Ill Spent.
Fifth Race.—Benedictine, Rico.
Sixth Race.—Westmoreland, Bassanio.

First Race.—Roy, Glenmound.
Second Race.—Wang, Narka colt.
Third Race.—Climax, Pearl Set.
Fourth Race.—Lady Eltham, Elmstone.
Fifth Race.—Benedictine, Rico.
Sixth Race.—Westmoreland, Bassanio.

First race.—Roy, Robert B.
Second race.—Wang, Isabelle.
Third race.—Queen of Trumps, Climax.
Fourth race.—Elmstone, Redlight.
Fifth race.—Benedictine, Pension.
Sixth race.—Westmoreland, Burr Oak.

LADIES AT CITY HALL

Memorable Reception by the Daughters of the Revolution.

The Daughters of the Revolution are to be congratulated upon their success in obtaining the Governor's Room at City Hall for their Battle of Lexington anniversary reception yesterday.

It is many years since the Governor's Room was the scene of such a gathering, society's fashionable receptions not often getting as far downtown as City Hall.

The reception was a decided success, over two hundred of the Daughters and their guests enjoying patriotic vocal music, an oration by Gen. Horatio C. King and a good short patriotic poem written and read by Miss Sarah King Wolfe.

Among the ladies present were Mrs. P. P. Sheets, Mrs. De Volney Everett, Mrs. Alfred Mills, Mrs. Francis B. Adams, Mrs. Albert C. Bage, and Mrs. Ehrich.

May
Moving
Misery.

They all go together, but if something to have had your home selected through the Index

G. O. P. LEADERS SURPRISED.

Nearly All of Platt's Men Chosen Delegates to Minneapolis.

Probable Effect of the Indicted Excise Commissioners' Appeal.

It was said this morning that there were a good many surprises for the Republican local leaders in the result of the Congressional Conventions held last night, which selected delegates to the National Convention at Minneapolis. Following are the delegates and alternates chosen in the different districts:

Dist. Delegates.	*Alternates.*
5. H. G. Armour	W. H. Godfrey.
John E. Milholland.	J. C. Dodd.
7. John D. Lawson.	Irwin Dodd.
Charles H. Murray.	Patrick Eliff.
8. Gen. Horace Porter.	Thomas J. Scherman.
Gen. Samuel Thomas.	Patrick J. O'Brien.
9. Gen. Stewart L. Woodford.	Frank Black.
George Hilliard.	John E. Morris.
10. B. V. R. Cruger.	Nathaniel A. Prentiss.
William Henkel.	Frank H. Ely.
11. Sheridan Shook.	Charles V. Fullerton.
T. C. Wilkin.	Robert A. Grosvenor.
12. Wm. Brookfield.	John Little.
Elliott F. Shepard.	Frederick Gallatin.
13. Daniel F. Porter.	Donald Fleshman.
John Reisenweber.	Charles F. Bruder.

There are indications that ex-Senator Thomas Collier Platt's strong hand was shown in the election of John E. Milholland, who was rumored down and out recently through the influence of Cornelius N. Bliss and Col. George Bliss. It is said that Mr. Platt was back of Milholland in his fight with Col. Bliss, and that Milholland's recognition by him, after being disowned by the Administration, was done by way of getting even with President Harrison.

Mr. Platt showed throughout the convention that he had fixed things his own way. All his men won except Barney Biglin in the Tenth District. Biglin's defeat is classed as another victory for Col. George Bliss. Col. Bliss and Mr. Biglin have been at outs for a long time. It was confidently asserted that Mr. Biglin would get in the Convention in place of somebody else in spite of Col. Bliss.

Leaders George Wanmaker, of the Seventeenth, and Robert A. Grannis, of the Fifteenth Assembly District, combined against the "Wicked" Fred Gibbs, of the Thirteenth District, to elect Eben Demarest in his place. The ex-Wicked one triumphed over his enemies, and he will be one of the representatives of the Eleventh Congressional District.

Joseph Murray led the opposition to Col. Elliott F. Shepard in the Twelfth District Convention, but failed to defeat him.

Only one district convention, the Sixth, instructed its delegates to vote for the renomination of Harrison. The others all go uninstructed, and it is said they will nearly all vote as ex-Senator Platt dictates.

EXCISE BOARD HOLDS OVER.

Late developments in the cases of Excise Commissioners Measin, Koch and Fitzpatrick, whose terms of office expire May 1, confirm the prediction published in The Evening World a few days ago that Mayor Grant will not appoint successors to the Board, but will allow them to hold over.

The stumbling block in the way is said to be the indictments against Commissioner Fitzpatrick for failing to enter their decisions on the records in full. He was recently arraigned on a charged with selling liquor in the prohibited hours on election day.

The Commissioners recently invoked the aid of Senator Platt's men, who introduced in the Legislature and had passed an amendment to the present excise law, providing that Excise Commissioners must render decisions on complaints within seventy days after receiving them. The penalty for failure to do so was fixed at a fine of $500 and removal from office. Gov. Flower signed the amendment and it is now a law.

The Commissioners are indicted for misdemeanor, which upon conviction is punishable by a fine of $250 and imprisonment for not over one year or both. The appeal recently taken by the Commissioners is under the new law. A decision is expected to be rendered not later than next week.

If a new trial is ordered under Senator Plunkitt's amendment it relieves the Commissioners of the unpleasant possibility of a term of imprisonment. Their terms having expired, they could not be removed from office.

CAPT. CROSS AND THE INSPECTORSHIP.

It is said in political circles that if political influence would avail to make a man an Inspector of Police Captain Cross would be likely to get the Inspectorship made vacant by Acting Chief Inspector Byrnes and Inspector Steers.

Capt. Cross is a personal friend of Gov. Flower. He is also a lawyer. The Captain stands high in the list of promotion, and it would not take much a very creditable showing at the examinations.

Charles Steckler said to-day that the removal of his brother, Chief Engineer Alfred Steckler, from Seventh street into the Nineteenth Assembly District, was to help out the Steckler Association.

"Now you have it here," since his elevation to the bench has taken no part in politics. Before he was elected Judge he was active, and will have to be born down to make room for the new District Leader, Armuzzi. Of course he would have had to move anyhow. Our Association is now strong in the political field because my brother is no longer with us, as the saying is."

POLITICAL POTPOURRI.

Senator Plunkitt's bills to provide for the appointment of ballot clerks by the Police Board instead of by the Police Commissioners, to take effect after twenty years, and the keeping of election records in the Police Department, have passed the Senate.

The Democrats of Oregon, at their Convention yesterday, declared against free coinage and condemned the billion dollar Congress and the Force bill. Governor Pennoyer was chosen delegate at large to the National Convention.

Ex-Assemblyman Blackwood's friends united the Ulster County Democracy yesterday on Assemblyman Conley.

At the first election for city officers, held at Nassau, this province, the Democrats gained a complete victory.

Seventy-five anti-Hill Democrats met at Utica yesterday, passed resolutions denouncing the early Democracy, and elected seven men to send delegates to the Syracuse Convention in May.

Returns were counted yesterday at Cohoes, and the Republican candidate for Mayor declared elected.

Richmond County, N. Y., Republicans elected their delegates to the State and Congressional Conventions yesterday.

Implicated in Young Haley's Death.

Jersey City police to-day arrested a negro on a charge of being implicated in the death of the boy Haley, who was found a corpse in a freight car. Murphy is only eighteen years of age.

The Drowned Man Was Steward

The body of the man found drowned Monday in the slip at pier 3, in Hoboken, was to-day identified as that of John Walter, steward of the tramp steamship Bennington. Walter fell overboard the night of Feb. 7 last.

"Tiff" Head Brand." ROBERT SMITH, Sole Pfr. and Agent, 11, 13 and 15 Park pl. Ask for it. All dealers.

ROMANCE OF A CIRCUS RING.

Like Many Another It Resulted in an Unhappy Marriage.

Bareback-Rider Annie Snow Now Seeks a Divorce from Her Clown.

"A Romance of the Circus Ring" might well be substituted for "Annie Carroll Snow against Eddie Snow, action for divorce," the newest title of a case which began in the Supreme Court of Westchester County, and which has set the army of employees of Barnum & Bailey's Greatest Show on Earth to talking.

Annie Carroll is one of the best known bareback riders in the country. She won the plaudits of thousands in the old Madison Square Garden, and she has ridden in all the big shows organized during the past twenty years.

Eddie Snow, her husband, whom she is suing for absolute divorce, is a Boston rider and ringmaster. The co-respondent was until recently a chorus girl with the Barnum and Bailey forces.

The name of Carroll has been a familiar one on circus posters for half a century. A score of years ago the Carroll family was the most noted equestrian family in America.

William B. Carroll on the bills—Barney's Carroll was known by that name in his day—the greatest bareback rider before the public. He was born in Knoxville, Tenn., in 1813. He made his first appearance in the ring at the age of twelve with a small circus company which had visited the neighborhood. He rose in the Carrollo and became celebrated as a circus performer, manager and proprietor.

He married a young Quakeress from Long Island in 1843, and a year later had taught her to ride in the ring with him. Together they travelled all over the country, earning much money, for in those days bareback riders were the highest salaried people in the profession.

In 1850, when La Belle Carroll, as the young Quakeress was then known, appeared with the original Price show, where the Forty-second street reservoir now stands, she dashing riding created a furor. Her last appearance was with the Great Eastern Circus in 1875.

Upon her retirement Mme. Carroll purchased the home in Westchester village, which she occupies with her daughter Annie and the latter's children. There "Barney" Carroll built a circular barn for training ring horses, and the place became a rendezvous for performers during the Winter season.

Barney himself continued to ride publicly until 1876, his last public appearance as bareback rider being with the Van Amburgh show in 1876. Almost to the death in July, 1879, however, he was engaged as equestrian director and ringmaster.

Annie Carroll's career had an early children of their own, they reared several that they adopted, nearly all of whom became good riders. Among the most noted of these were Willie O'Dell, Marie Aline, who became the wife of Actor Ben Maginley, and before her marriage, fifteen years ago, was acknowledged to be the most accomplished and graceful rider that ever danced upon a horse's back; and Annie, the plaintiff in this divorce suit.

Annie was only two years old when she was adopted by the Carrolls. She grew up in the ring, and made her first reputation there as a baby carried around the ring on her father's back while he rode at full speed with Annie on a horse. This was in the Forepaugh show in Philadelphia in 1870, when she was four years old.

When Annie was sixteen Manager Cooper shows she was taught to ride, and at the age of that she made her debut in the ring. Two years later discarded and had appeared in public but once.

Since then she has had a successful career, earning as much as $150 a week. She was married to old John Robinson's show as Van Amburgh's, and Great Eastern. John A. Murphy, Col. Cooper, W. C. Coup, Adam Forepaugh and Barnum's, doing a principal equestrian bareback trick act.

Annie Carroll was a pretty girl, plump and full of life, with dark hair, dark eyes and laid like a raven's wing. Old Barney Carroll kept a watchful eye on her, and they never permitted her to have a lover.

Eddie Snow, the plaintiff, had only romance began. She was traveling with Barnum's show in Canada. There he met Eddie Snow, a handsome young fellow, a couple of years younger than himself, and clown, the human cannon ball and a general all-round performer.

He played clown when Annie Carroll rode, and as she bounded into the ring would patiently cry out:

"Where we here? Miss Annie Carroll, the greatest living bareback rider!"

Then, as she bowed her foot in his outstretched hand and he lifted her on the horse, he would kiss the hand. Annie Carroll was tender that Annie Carroll's heart thrilled as she was lifted. Nothing was said to her, but chirruped to her cavorting steed.

That summer was like a dream to Annie Carroll, and at its close Eddie Snow went to the Westchester home of Mrs. Carroll and obtained quarters for the Winter. His most ing was continued, and in the Spring both got engagements with the P. T. Barnum show.

Here Annie Carroll, as the Queen of Garden March 26, 1885, and after the performance Eddie Snow, the bareback rider, and Eddie Snow, the clown, were married. It had been a romance from the beginning to the second Until Fall, but Annie could not refuse her mother's request to leave the ring, for a time, at least.

They were with the Barnum show in London and other places until last season on the Yankee Circus. Eddie Snow was born to them, but Annie Carroll's life was not a happy one.

Her husband drank, and abused her, she says. He could not bear the plaudits she received in the ring. He was jealous of her, the ring without accusing her of unfaithfulness.

Last year she started out with Dan Rice's show, but it failed. Then she joined Eddie, he claims, he abused her, and then she determined never to live with him again. She went to Mount Vernon, to the home of lawyer David Hunt, of White Plains. He learned, it is alleged, that during the engagement of the Barnum show in Chicago last season Eddie Snow had been the associate of a chorus girl named Annie Gray, and that both were discharged for their conduct.

There are other charges of misconduct during last season, which Lawyer Hunt has made against Snow, and Lawyer Hunt asserts Annie Carroll can prove. He will not obtain an absolute divorce.

Annie Carroll has four children, two of whom are living, one a baby fifteen months old and the other a girl eight years old. Mme. Carroll, the once famous performer, cares for them as though they were her own grandchildren.

Annie Carroll is still a handsome woman and a dashing, graceful rider. Circus performers speak highly of her, and say her misfortunes should command sympathy. She leaves for Rochester, this morning, and will be Sig. Sorrento's circus. Her husband is believed to be with the Irwin Bros. show in Buffalo.

SHAKE-UP NOT ENDED.

Police Sergeants and Roundsmen Yet to Be Transferred.

Supt. Byrnes Inaugurates a Thorough Reorganization of the Force.

Captains Will Assume Their New Commands at 6 O'Clock To-Night.

No greater sensation has ever been caused in police circles in New York than that which followed the announcement of the big police shake-up which inaugurates Supt. Byrnes's administration.

The story of the sweeping changes that have been made in the commands of the various precincts was told in last night's Sporting Extra of The Evening World. Every police captain, except one, was transferred by the Police Commissioners to a new precinct; ward detectives were reduced to the ranks of patrolmen in a wholesale fashion, and there was a general cleaning out of the incumbents of easy positions at the Central Office.

To-day the shake-up is the talk of the town, as well as of the members of the Police Department. In fact it is the most extensive upheaval in the history of the New York police force.

There was a shake-up about eight years or less one-third of the captains were transferred, and five or six years previous to that there was a good clearing out in the detective bureau; but these incidents were insignificant compared with yesterday's clean sweep.

The action of the Police Board, it is given out by Supt. Byrnes's friends, is in line with the general policy which was announced by him when he assumed command of the force, and indicates that he proposes to administer the affairs of the Department in accordance with his own ideas, and to hold absolute sway. In fact, it is stated that he would accept the office of Superintendent under no other condition.

He has already had a talk with all the captains, and he made a point in the enforcement of the Excise law. The work of the police last Sunday was to be a test of their efficiency in their several precincts.

It is said by some of the Police Commissioners, however, that the changes of captains had been decided upon several weeks ago, even before the Mardi Gras grand jury had formulated its presentment of the Department, and before Supt. Murray had decided to retire.

The captains will take command of their new precincts at the 6 o'clock roll-call to-night, an order having been sent out by the Superintendent this morning to that effect.

Some of the captains are pleased with the changes, but others will no doubt find it rather unpleasant to accommodate themselves to their new surroundings.

Capt. McLaughlin has a responsible post in the Tenderloin precinct, while his predecessor, Capt. Reilly, moves up to East Fifty-first street. Capt. Chinchy, who has been years in East Twenty-second street, now has the Prince street station, while Capt. Brogan, of the Broadway Squad and previously of Mercer street, will look after the farming districts around Sprnyten Duryvil Creek.

Every precinct will lose at least one of its ward detectives, and in thirteen both men are reduced to the ranks, including Hayes and Brett, of the Tenderloin, and Mott and Price, of Harlem.

Supt. Byrnes says that it is not the intention to make the ward detectives a part of the Central Office Squad, but that as soon as the captains become acquainted with the abilities of their subordinates they will recommend men for the vacancies in each precinct.

The transfer of the captains will, in all probability, be followed now by a general migration of sergeants and roundsmen, for it is part of Supt. Byrnes's plan to secure a complete redistribution of those in authority in the different precincts. It is in many cases even more important that sergeants and roundsmen should be given new fields of activity than the captains, and to this end very careful attention will be devoted to the work of these subordinate officers in the various precincts.

Again, many of the captains will undoubtedly want to take some of their old lieutenants with them to their new commands, and if there is no objection on other grounds such requests will probably be granted by the Superintendent.

Assignments to duty at Police Headquarters, or in the places of the sergeants and other officers employed in the Information and Permit Bureaus, who have all been remanded to precinct duty, have not yet been made.

It is expected that they will be announced in a day or two.

The City Hall precinct is now without a captain, Capt. Allaire having been placed in charge of the Steamboat Squad, Commissioner Erhardt, who has the power of appointment, has asked for a new civil-service list for promotion, not being satisfied with the last eligible list made out three months ago.

The only captain who was not transferred yesterday's shake-up was Capt. Elbert O. Smith, of the West Sixty-eighth street station.

RESCUED FROM FIRE.

Terrence Sweeney Nearly Suffocated in His Bed by Smoke.

Fire broke out shortly after midnight this morning on the top floor of 146 East Twenty-sixth street, occupied by Joseph Perrin as a boarding-house. The flames were in the room of one of the boarders named Terrence Sweeney, fifty-four years old.

A citizen passing in the street saw smoke pouring from the window and roused the inmates of the house.

Sweeney was found lying in his bed semi-conscious from smoke. He was dragged out into the hall and carried to Bellevue Hospital. The blaze was caused by some clothes taking fire accidentally. The damage was slight.

STOP PAYING DOUBLE PRICES.
The "CLOVER LEAF" Uniform Wheel equal in best important. All dealers. Catalogue, 81 Reade st.

"EVENING WORLD" ILLUSTRATED PROVERBS—XLV.

It is good to begin well, but better to end well.

HATTIE ADAMS OUT OF TOWN.

So the Ejectment Suit Had to Be Postponed Again.

Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst made another useless trip to the Sixth Judicial District Court, at Second avenue and Twenty-third street, this morning, where he expected to appear as a witness in the suit brought by P. A. H. Jackson to eject Mrs. Hattie Adams from her "private residence" at 31 East Twenty-seventh street.

At a former trial of the suit, the jury disagreed. The retrial was this morning postponed for the third time, owing to the absence of Mrs. Adams, who is at Saratoga Springs.

The case was set down by Justice Lachman for one week from to-morrow, and the same date was fixed for the trial of a criminal libel suit to eject Mrs. Adams from the house at 33, where Dr. Parkhurst, Detective Gardner and John Langdon Erving witnessed the memorable "circus."

As a result of his "slumming" experiences and the ordeal of testifying concerning them, Mr. Erving is ill with nervous prostration and his physician will allow only members of the family to see him. Mr. Erving is a society man. He now regrets his adventures with Dr. Parkhurst and the notoriety he has obtained by reason of them, because his social standing has been imperilled by the disclosures made in court.

No one imputes any but the best of intentions to the young man, but he has voluntarily ceased his visits to the Calumet Club, of which he is a member. It is said that the Club's Board of Governors last night discussed the advisability of expelling him "for being a fool."

Hattie Adams's visit to Saratoga Springs was not made voluntarily. Together with Albert Spencer of this city, who runs the old John Morrissey club-house at the fashionable bathing resort, she was summoned to testify before the Grand Jury there as to the charges of blackmail preferred against ex-Police Commissioners Gallor and Knapp, who recently resigned. Spencer is said to have paid $1,000 annually for protection.

Hattie Adams maintained an establishment just outside the Saratoga city limits. She told an Evening World reporter at the time the charges against Gallor and Knapp were made that she had tried to bribe every influential man on the police force but failed.

"I was willing to pay $1,000 for the summer season to have a house in that city," she said, "but they wouldn't have it."

HUCKLEBERRY BILL SIGNED.

The Measure Affecting Annexed District Railways Becomes Law.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

ALBANY, April 20.—The Governor has signed the Huckleberry Railroad bill.

OSMOND SENTENCED TO DIE.

His Execution by Electricity Fix'd for June 6.

John Lewis Osmond was sentenced to-day, by Justice Ingraham, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, to die in the electrical chair at Sing Sing, in the week beginning June 6.

Osmond is a very small, insignificant-looking man, and his crime was that of killing his wife and a boarder named John Burchell at their home at 609 Third avenue, Oct. 3, 1891. He was convicted last week, after a four days' trial.

THE LOUISIANA ELECTION.

Strong An i-Lottery Victory in the Choice for Governor.

SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20.—Returns still indicate the election of Foster, anti-lottery Democrat, for Governor by about 4,000 plurality.

Almost the entire Fitzpatrick city ticket has apparently been elected, as also the members of the Legislature.

The J. Ch. G. Hoefel Brewing Co's MANHATTAN BEER. Main and Hope only. Office 58 "2."

STRIKERS FACE A COMBINE.

Bosses Organize to Fight the Cabinet-Workers.

Those of the employers of cabinet-workers who have not yet yielded to the demands of their men for an eight-hour day have formed a combination for the purpose of making a more determined stand against the strikers.

The combination includes Potter, Symons & Co., William Baumgarten & Co., A. Kimbel & Sons, G. W. Koch & Son, the Bradley & Currier company and thirty-four others. Members of the combination declare that they are prepared to oppose the demands of the strikers to the end, and that they will not yield, whatever be the consequences.

The following manifesto has been issued by the combination and circulated among the members of the Board of Waiting Delegates at their headquarters to-day and also among the strikers at their headquarters at Clarendon Hall:

In order to avoid, if possible, a protracted struggle and consequent suffering upon all concerned, we hereby give notice that the demands made upon us by the said unions are not questions of hours or wages, but the more important question of our established rights as manufacturers to regulate.

With a nine-hour basis of labor, as now established, we have found the fact that all over the country, competing with our competitors in Brooklyn and adjoining cities, factories are run almost entirely on a ten-hour basis. Therefore we unitedly affirm that the only alternative before us is to continue to run our factories on the present basis of labor, or suspend absolutely.

"There are 4,000 cabinet-makers still out, and they do not seem to be at all dismayed by the action of the bosses in combining to resist their demands.

There was a large gathering of strikers at Clarendon Hall this morning, and the consensus of opinion was that the bosses would be compelled to yield within a short time. The men declare that they have the support and encouragement of other labor organizations, and that they can get along for several months without work.

"The bosses, they say, are in a bad fix. Orders are accumulating and the trade is beginning to call upon them for goods, which cannot be supplied.

This statement could not be confirmed, but it was generally accepted as true.

ARMED RUSTLERS FOLLOW.

The Prisoners from Fort McKinney en Route to the Railway.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 20.—The arrested army of cattlemen is en route to the railway terminus, with the six companies from Fort McKinney. The journey will occupy four or five days. Gov. Barker does not undertake at this time to say what he will do with the prisoners.

Rustlers to the number of 500 to 700 are following the command, and only the knowledge of the serious results that would ensue prevents them from making an effort to secure the prisoners by force of arms. The wire is tried when they arrive on the other side of the ocean.

Manager and Singers Sail.

Rudolf Aronson, of the Casino, and Mrs. Aronson, also Mme. Albani and Mme. Van Zandt, the opera singer, sailed for Europe on the City of New York to-day.

This is the day that the home ought to be decided upon. Find it in the Index.

KATIE DORR WAS A WITNESS.

She Denied that She Had Ever Accused Louis Schultz.

Miss Wolters's $50,000 Breach of Promise Suit Nearly Ended.

In Part I. of the City Court this morning trial was resumed of the $50,000 breach of promise suit, which brown-eyed Georgine Wolters is pressing against Inventor Schultz. The sorrowful merits of the demure plaintiff was more plainly marked as the case grows nearer its end, and she can scarcely restrain at the defendant sitting at the opposite end of the lawyer's table.

Not a seat could be secured after Judge Fitzsimons and the jurors took their places, so great was the pressure of spectators.

Miss Georgine's evidence was finished yesterday and a part of the evidence for Mr. Schultz was introduced. This morning Gyula de Fenilles, an artist, who lived in the same house with Schultz, 34 West Nineteenth street, from October, 1890, to June, 1891, swore that he knew Schultz intimately and had known Miss Wolters a year.

"My acquaintance with her grew out of purchasing cigars from her at her father's store," said the witness. "One day in July last I called at the Wolters's store at the request of Miss Georgine, she asked me if I knew Louis was an engagement between Schultz and herself. I told her that Schultz had not at any time told me he was engaged to her. I told her he frequently said to me he was paying attention to her. Of a positive engagement, however, I told her I knew nothing.

"Mr. Schultz said she thought I knew of an engagement between them."

On cross-examination the artist was led by ex-Judge Brown, counsel for the plaintiff, to say that "Schultz was one of those open-hearted men who talk quite confidentially to friends, even on the sacred affairs of love."

That reply was in answer to a question as to why Schultz should make a confidante of the witness.

The witness later stated that at one time when Schultz lived with him and at the same house, Schultz said to him, "De Festiden, if I like that girl six months from now as well as I do now I shall marry her."

Counsellor Brown drew from the witness that some time in early spring, this year, when Wolters in July, he had said something about "that girl" and his relations with her, and she might have inferred that he was offering congratulations. The witness said he did not mean it in that light, and explained away the fact that at over the dinner table, in company with prominent Brooklyn and adjoining cities, factories are run almost entirely on a ten-hour basis. Therefore we unitedly affirm that the only alternative before us is to continue to run our factories on the present basis of labor, or suspend absolutely.

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